

Application No: 10/035,281  
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## CLAIMS

What I claim as my invention is:

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1. A method of stabilizing and fusing reshaped lamina after a laminoplasty comprising the steps of:
- displacing the severed edges of a lamina,
- providing a spacing means with the edges of the said spacing means contoured to engage the severed bone edges, and
- a fixation means attached to the said spacing means in the middle with curvatures at both ends allowing bone screw placement through both ends of the fixation means
2. The method of claim 1 wherein the said fixation means comprising of an elongated plate with curvature at the ends of the longitudinal axis, downward for fixation to a lamina and upward for fixation to a facet by way of a screw through bone screw receiving holes at each end of the plate
3. The method of claim 1 wherein the said fixation means comprising of an elongated plate with downward curvature at both ends defining a longitudinal axis for fixation to the lamina through bone receiving holes at each end of the plate
4. The method of claim 1 wherein the said fixation means comprising of an elongated plate with downward L-shaped curvature at both ends defining a longitudinal axis for fixation to facet and/or lamina bone on each side through bone receiving holes at each end of the plate
5. The method of claim 1 wherein the said spacing means comprising of a rectangular shape with concave curved edges contoured at the longitudinal ends to allow for
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engagement between the lamina

6. The method of claim 1 wherein the said spacing means comprising of a rectangular shape with both edges at the end defining the longitudinal axis of the spacer have a superior cuff to allow for engagement between the lamina

7. The method of claim 1 wherein said fixation means is made from a biocompatible material selected from the group consisting of titanium, titanium alloys, surgical steel, polymeric material, ceramic material, resorbable material, polyglyconate, bone, and hydroxyapatite

8. The method of claim 1 wherein said spacing means is made from a component taken from the following group: allograft bone, autograft bone, xenograft bone, hydroxyapatite, resorbable material, biocompatible material suitable for bone fusion

9. A bone spacer comprising of a rectangular shape wherein both edges at the end defining the longitudinal axis of the spacer have a superior cuff to allow for engagement between the severed laminoplasty bone ends

10. The said spacer of claim 9 being hollow with openings at both sides packed with bone fusion material selected from the group consisting of autograft bone, allograft bone, xenograft bone, bone morphogenic protein, hydroxyapatite, a biocompatible material suitable for bone fusion

11. The said spacer of claim 9 being solid and made from a component taken from the following group: allograft bone, autograft bone, xenograft bone, hydroxyapatite, resorbable material, biocompatible material suitable for fusion

12. A bone spacer for the lamina of the spine after laminoplasty comprising of a rectangular shape with concave curved edges contoured at the longitudinal ends to allow

Application No: 10/035,281  
ROHIT K. KHANNA

for engagement between the bone edges

13. A method of stabilizing the reshaped lamina after a laminoplasty comprising the steps of:

displacing the severed edge of the lamina at the junction of the lamina and facet,  
a fixation means comprising of a plate with appendages at either ends prior to the curvature defining a longitudinal axis of the plate to secure the displaced bone ends and maintain their repositioned shape along with fixation of the plate to the bone via bone fasteners

14. The said plate of claim 13 wherein one of the said appendages is curved at one end and another is straight at the other end perpendicular to the longitudinal plate axis and prior to the curvature at both ends

15. The said plate of claim 13 wherein the said appendage is curved at one end perpendicular to the longitudinal plate axis and prior to the curvature

16. The said plate of claim 13 is made from a biocompatible material selected from the group consisting of titanium, titanium alloys, surgical steel, polymeric material, ceramic material, resorbable material, polyglyconate, bone, and hydroxyapatite

17. A method of stabilizing the reshaped lamina after a laminoplasty comprising the steps of:

displacing both lamina through severed edges in the middle,  
providing fixation means comprising of a plate with two appendages perpendicular to the longitudinal axis of the fixation means spaced apart in the middle to engage the lamina on either side with the said fixation means also comprising of curvatures at both ends to secure the fixation means to the lamina and/or facets on both sides with bone fasteners

Application No: 10/035,281  
ROHIT K. KHANNA

18. The said plate of claim 17 wherein the said appendage is curved in the middle perpendicular to the longitudinal plate axis and prior to the curvature at both ends to secure the lamina
19. The said plate of claim 17 wherein the said appendages are straight in the middle perpendicular to the longitudinal plate axis and prior to the curvature at both ends
20. The said plate of claim 17 wherein the said curvatures are L-shaped at both ends
21. The said plate of claim 17 has a plurality of bone screw receiving holes throughout the plate
22. The said plate of claim 17 is made from biocompatible material selected from the group consisting of titanium, titanium alloys, surgical steel, polymeric material, ceramic material, resorbable material, polyglyconate, bone, and hydroxyapatite
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